



مجلس الأمن السيبراني
CYBER SECURITY COUNCIL



Security Updates - PostgreSQL
Tracking #:432318991
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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The UAE Cyber Security Council has observed multiple security vulnerabilities have been addressed in recent releases of PostgreSQL. The update resolves several security flaws ranging from SQL injection and privilege escalation to denial of service, memory disclosure, and arbitrary code execution vulnerabilities.

TECHNICAL DETAILS:

Vulnerability Details

High Severity Vulnerabilities

- **CVE-2026-6473**
 - An integer wraparound issue in multiple PostgreSQL server components may allow out-of-bounds memory writes, potentially causing server crashes or memory corruption.
- **CVE-2026-6475**
 - Improper symlink handling in `pg_basebackup` and `pg_rewind` could allow overwriting of arbitrary local files, potentially leading to operating system account compromise.
- **CVE-2026-6476**
 - A SQL injection vulnerability in `pg_createsubscriber` may allow attackers with subscription creation privileges to execute arbitrary SQL commands with superuser privileges.
- **CVE-2026-6477**
 - Unsafe handling of `libpq lo_*` functions could allow a malicious PostgreSQL server superuser to overwrite client stack memory, impacting tools such as `psql` and `pg_dump`.
- **CVE-2026-6479**
 - An uncontrolled recursion flaw in SSL and GSS negotiation could allow attackers to trigger sustained denial-of-service conditions.
- **CVE-2026-6637**
 - A stack buffer overflow and SQL injection vulnerability in the `refint` module could allow arbitrary code execution or unauthorized SQL execution.

Medium Severity Vulnerabilities

- **CVE-2026-6472**
 - A missing authorization check in the `CREATE TYPE` functionality could allow attackers to hijack queries that rely on `search_path` resolution, potentially leading to execution of arbitrary SQL functions.
- **CVE-2026-6474**
 - A format string vulnerability in the `timeofday()` function could allow disclosure of portions of server memory through specially crafted timezone inputs.
- **CVE-2026-6478**
 - A timing side-channel vulnerability affecting MD5 password authentication could enable attackers to recover credentials. Systems using `scram-sha-256` are not affected.
- **CVE-2026-6575**
 - A buffer over-read vulnerability in `pg_restore_attribute_stats()` could expose adjacent memory contents during query planning.

**Low Severity Vulnerability****• CVE-2026-6638**

- A SQL injection issue in logical replication REFRESH PUBLICATION operations could permit execution of arbitrary SQL commands through crafted table names.

Fixed Versions

- PostgreSQL 18.4
- PostgreSQL 17.10
- PostgreSQL 16.14
- PostgreSQL 15.18
- PostgreSQL 14.23

RECOMMENDATIONS:

The UAE Cyber Security Council recommends updating the affected versions to the fixed or latest versions released by PostgreSQL.

Kindly circulate this information to your subsidiaries and partners as well as share with us any relevant information and findings.

The UAE Cyber Security Council extends its appreciation for the continued collaboration.

REFERENCES:

- <https://www.postgresql.org/about/news/postgresql-184-1710-1614-1518-and-1423-released-3297/>